

EXPANDED DETAILS

This pathway is intended to be followed for patients who are confirmed or suspected COVID-19 positive.

The May 2024 changes to this pathway were made due to the following:

- 1. Pediatric Provincial Primary Care COVID-19 Pathway discontinued July 2022
- 2. AHS Paxlovid™ Clinical Resource Guide retired -> replaced with Health Canada guide
- 3. Updated resource links

Additional PaxlovidTM exclusion criteria

- At this time, it is NOT recommended that Paxlovid[™] treatment be extended or repeated should patients have rebound symptoms after completing a course of treatment.
- At this time, Paxlovid[™] should NOT be considered a treatment for individuals experiencing symptoms of post-COVID. For more information, see www.ahs.ca/assets/info/ppih/if-ppih-covid-19-paxlovid-faq-hcw.pdf.

False negative rapid antigen test (RAT)

- New evidence indicates that swabbing of both mouth and nose is more effective for detecting COVID-19 when using a RAT. For more information, see www.alberta.ca/rapid-testing-at-home.aspx.
- RAT can be falsely negative if tested early from symptom onset. People are most likely to be positive 2-4 days
 from symptom onset but can be positive on the day of symptom onset up to ~10 days. A repeat test can be done
 24h from a negative to improve sensitivity.

New medication to prevent COVID-19

Medication to treat and prevent COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information, see COVID-19 evolves on a continual basis. For more information in the first of the first on the first of the first on the firs

Clinical risk stratification

High risk	Average risk	Lower risk
 Patients with any of the safety net flags Patients with symptom deterioration Any age with medical comorbidities Age > 60 years old Pregnancy Any age who is immunocompromised Not fully vaccinated** 	40-60 years old with no medical comorbidities	 Otherwise healthy No comorbidities No safety net flags Age 1-39 years old with no medical comorbidities

^{*} For example: lung disease, heart disease, hypertension, diabetes, kidney disease, liver disease, dementia, stroke, obesity, cancer. Source: www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/publications/diseases-conditions/people-high-risk-for-severe-illness-covid-19.html

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^{**} Definition of fully vaccinated and partially vaccinated: www.ahs.ca/assets/info/ppih/if-ppih-covid-19-primary-care-guidance.pdf (Page 6)

Monitoring

- Tailor monitoring according to clinical risk stratification and assessment
- The frequency and duration of follow-up will depend on the risk for severe disease, the severity of symptoms, and the patient's ability to self-report worsening symptoms.

Source: www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/management/clinical-management-of-adults/nonhospitalized-adults-general-management/

Safety net flags

- Limited/no access to phone/tablet/computer devices for virtual health
- · Limited/no access to transportation
- Socially isolated (Lives alone, unable to meaningfully connect with others through technology, little to no social network)
- · Lack of caregiver support if needed
- Inability to maintain hydration (Diarrhea, vomiting, cognitive impairment, poor fluid intake)
- · Food/financial insecurity
- · Receive homecare support
- · Challenges with health literacy or ability to understand treatment recommendations or isolation expectations
- · Unable to self-manage

Isolation and quarantine information

- Visit <u>Isolation and quarantine requirements | Alberta.ca</u> for the most up-to-date information on isolation and quarantine.
- Respiratory hygiene practices (e.g. hand washing, covering your cough, social distancing, wearing a mask, etc.) continue to be strongly encouraged. Visit COVID-19 Prevention & Protection | AHS for more information.



Red flags

- · Severe shortness of breath at rest
- · Difficulty breathing
- · Pain or pressure in chest
- · Cold, clammy or pale mottled skin
- · New onset of confusion
- · Blue lips or face
- · Becoming difficult to rouse
- Coughing up blood
- · Reduced urine output
- Return of cough after period of improvement *may signal development of COVID-19 pneumonia
- Return of fever after afebrile period *may signal development of COVID-19 pneumonia
- Oxygen Saturation
 - o Helpful tool to indicate disease severity when available
 - o A new reading of < 92% If previously healthy lungs or previously documented normal O2 sat
 - o A new reading of < 90% If underlying lung disease with documented low normal O2 sat at baseline
 - o If patient on home oxygen normally and their O2 requirements increase with COVID-19 illness

Additional red flags for maternity patients

- Orthopnea or paroxysmal nocturnal dyspnea (PND)
- Fever ≥38°C despite use of acetaminophen
- · Weakness limiting activities of daily living (ADLs)
- Persistent nausea and vomiting > 12 hours
- · Obstetrical complaints such as:
 - o Regular uterine contractions
 - o Ruptured membranes
 - o Vaginal bleeding
 - o Decreased fetal movement
- Oxygen Saturation
 - o Helpful tool to indicate disease severity when available
 - $\circ\,$ A reading of <95% is a red flag for all pregnant women
 - o If patient on home oxygen normally, and the O2 requirements increase with COVID-19 illness

Red flags: more information

EMERGENT manage	ement
Clinical presentation	 Patient has impaired level of consciousness Patient has severe respiratory distress (documented hypoxia, breathless at rest, unable to speak in short sentences) New weakness with inability to ambulate independently
Available support and resources	Call 9-1-1



URGENT management <1-hours assessment	
Clinical presentation	Patient clinically stable (see Emergent Management criteria) Patient may require hospitalization or transfer
Available support and resources	Call RAAPID RAAPID North (for patients north of Red Deer): 1-800-282-9911 or 780-735-0811 RAAPID South (for patients in and south of Red Deer): 1-800-661-1700 or 403-944-4486 Website: ahs.ca/RAAPID

SEMI-URGENT management <24-hour assessment in residence		
Clinical presentation	Patient needs in home assessment	
Available support and resources	Call Community Paramedics Response Team Program	
	Patients in and North of Red Deer: Call 1-833-367-2788 for same day referrals	
	Patients South of Red Deer:	
	Call 1-855-491-5868 for same day referrals	
	Hours: 6:00 am to 10:00 pm 7 days a week*	
	*The referring physician must be able to consult with the community paramedic when they are with the patient for treatment orders as well as to ensure proper follow up	
	About: Program provides responsive urgent mobile healthcare by facilitating in community assessment, treatment and diagnostics in collaboration with the patient's care providers.	
	 Response time is confirmed upon receipt of referral based upon patient acuity or when service is requested. 	
	 Upon receipt of referral a community paramedic will be dispatched to the patients dwelling where they will conduct a comprehensive assessment and develop a customized care plan after consultation with the patient's most responsible healthcare prescriber. 	
	A detailed record of the patient encounter will be sent to the patients' healthcare team.	
	Where:Paramedic teams have locations in each zone, but the program is not available in all areas of the province.	
	Paramedic teams provide coverage within a 50km distance from their home location.	
	Locations are listed on the <u>website</u> as well as in <u>Alberta Referral Directory</u>	
	Referral Form: • Access the referral form through Alberta Referral Directory (search 'Mobile Integrated Healthcare') OR through the website (under "Forms & Information") EMS Mobile Integrated Healthcare – Community Paramedicine AHS	

NON-URGENT dayti	ime advice	
The COVID-19 tele-adv and infectious disease	ice services are currently supported by specialists from respirology, general internal medicine	
Clinical presentation	You are unsure of the best course of management in a deteriorating patient who is clinically stable (see Emergent Management criteria)	
Available support and resources	Contact local resources in your regional centres:	
	Contact ConnectMD Tele-advice (North, Edmonton & Central Zones)	
	Visit www.pcnconnectmd.com or call/text: 1-844-633-2263	
	Hours: Monday to Thursday, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. and Fridays, 9a.m. to 4 p.m. (except statutory holidays)	
	*Summer hours: Monday 10a.m - 4p.m; Friday 9a.m - 2p.m; other days same as above	
	Providers can expect to receive a call-back within two to three hours	
	Adult and pediatric tele-advice lines	
	Contact Specialist Link Tele-advice (Calgary & South Zones)	
	Visit www.specialistlink.ca or call: 1-844-962-5465	
	Hours: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. from Monday to Friday (except statutory holidays)	
	Providers can expect to receive a call-back within one hour	

NON-URGENT advice	
Clinical presentation	You have non-urgent COVID-19- related questions and require electronic advice
Available support and resources	Alberta Netcare eReferral Advice Use the eReferral Advice Request option for non-urgent questions requiring advice within 2-5 days. Go to www.albertanetcare.ca/eReferral.htm for instructions on how to submit an advice request.

For symptoms persisting longer than 14 days from onset

Many patients experience ongoing symptoms past 14 days, such as residual cough or fatigue. If these patients have clearly improved, these residual symptoms can likely be managed with conservative care and reassurance.

The <u>Getting Healthy After COVID-19 | www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17397.aspx</u> page offers many resources to support patients with self-management as well as options for getting medical support and answers to patient questions.

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BACKGROUND

About this pathway

- The Primary Care COVID-19 Pathway was originally developed in 2020 as part of the Calgary Zone's Specialist Link initiative. Following the emergence of the COVID-19 pandemic, a team that included specialists from Respirology and Infectious Disease, AHS Primary Health Care, Primary Care Networks and members of the Calgary Zone Specialty Integration Task Group developed this pathway to help support family physicians to care for patients with COVID-19 in the community.
 - Based on the successful adoption of the Primary Care COVID-19 Pathway within the Calgary Zone, and
 adapted versions of this pathway in other zones, in 2021 AHS Primary Health Care led an initiative to validate
 the applicability of the pathway for Alberta and to foster adoption of the pathway across the province, including
 adapting the pathway for use in primary care within the context of a post-pandemic environment.
 - This pathway includes hyperlinks and is intended to be used as an electronic tool.

Authors and conflict of interest declaration

· Names of participating reviewers and their conflict of interest declarations are available on request.

Pathway review process, timelines

This primary care pathway was created/updated with up to date knowledge at the time it was created/updated.
 It will be reviewed on a consistent basis as the knowledge and process base evolves. If you have concerns or feedback please email <u>AlbertaPathways@ahs.ca</u>.

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PROVIDER RESOURCES

COVID-19 Resources		
Therapeutic Management of Adult Patients with COVID-9	www.ahs.ca/assets/info/ppih/if-ppih-covid-19- therapeutic-management-summary.pdf	
Greenhalgh Trisha, Koh Gerald Choon Huat, Car Josip. Covid-19: a remote assessment inprimary care <i>BMJ</i> 2020; 368:m1182	www.bmj.com/content/bmj/368/bmj.m1182.full.pdf	
Information for Primary Care Providers: novel coronavirus (COVID-19)	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page16956.aspx	
Specialist LINK COVID-19 Resources	www.specialistlink.ca/covid-19-resources	
Scientific Advisory Group	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17074.aspx	
Long COVID-19 FAQ for Providers	www.ahs.ca/assets/info/ppih/if-ppih- covid-19- long-covid-provider-faq.pdf	
Alberta Public Health Disease Management Guidelines		
Alberta Public Health Disease Management Guidelines: coronavirus- COVID-19	https://open.alberta.ca/publications/coronavirus-covid-19	
Smoking, Vaping and COVID-19		
Smoking cessation: healthcare provider	COVID-19 Alberta Healthcare Providers (www.albertaquits.ca)	
Post-COVID-19 Resources		
Recovery & Rehabilitation After COVID-19: Resources for Health Professionals	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17540.aspx	
Rehabilitation and Allied Health Practice Considerations Post COVID-19	www.ahs.ca/assets/info/ppih/if-ppih-covid-19-rehab- allied- health-practice-considerations-post-covid.pdf	
COVID-19 Vaccine Awareness Program (CVAP)		
Physicians who have called patients via telephone or videoconference to address concerns related to COVID-19 Vaccine may claim HSC 03.01CC. Click on link for more information.	Med 248 : COVID-19 Vaccine Awareness Program Update https://open.alberta.ca/publications/bulletin- alberta-health- care-insurance-plan-medical-services	
Advanced Care Planning		
Advanced care planning	www.ahs.ca/info/Page9099.aspx	

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COVID-19 Websites & Self-Management Resources		
Navigating COVID: Symptom Tool	www.albertadoctors.org/COVID-19-info-resources/navigating-COVID-v15.pdf	
COVID-19: Information for Albertans	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page16944.aspx	
COVID-19 info for Albertans (Government of Alberta)	www.alberta.ca/coronavirus-info-for-albertans.aspx	
COVID-19: How to Manage Symptoms (MyHealth.Alberta.ca Network)	https://myhealth.alberta.ca/health/pages/conditions.aspx? Hwid=custom.ab_covid_19_symptom_mgmt_001	
COVID-19: Care Instructions (MyHealth.Alberta.ca Network)	https://myhealth.alberta.ca/health/pages/conditions.aspx? Hwid=custom.ack9673ahs	
COVID-19: What you need to know (MyHealth.Alberta.ca Network)	https://myhealth.alberta.ca/Alberta/Pages/COVID-What-you-need-to-know.aspx	
Outpatient treatment: Paxlovid [™] FAQ for Patients	www.ahs.ca/assets/info/ppih/ if-ppih-covid-19-paxlovid-faq- patient.pdf	
COVID-19 Self-Care Guide	www.ahs.ca/covidselfcare	
After COVID-19: Information and resources to help you recover	https://myhealth.alberta.ca/HealthTopics/After-COVID	
Post-COVID-19 Resources		
Alberta Healthy Living Program: COVID-19 classes for Albertans - Helping You Feel Better After COVID-19	These classes are open to all zones/any Albertan over the age of 18 and are free of charge: www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLi1tOF1I5ZoXjPI9QprdrLQRDP4JsEvOv	
Getting Healthy After COVID-19	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17397.aspx	

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COVID-19 Translated Resources (available in multiple languages)		
COVID-19: How to care for a COVID-19 Patient at Home	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17026.aspx	
Alberta International Medical Graduates Association: COVID-19 videos, webinars, podcasts	https://aimga.ca/healthhub	
Mental Health Resources		
Mental Health resource page	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17311.aspx	
Mental Health Helpline	Phone 1-877-303-2642 for 24/7 assistance	
Help in Tough Times – resource page	www.ahs.ca/amh/Page16759.aspx	
Togetherall Clinically moderated free online peer-to- peer mental health community	https://togetherall.com	
Text For Hope Free daily text messaging	www.ahs.ca/topics/Page17019.aspx	
Smoking Cessation Resources		
Smoking cessation	There is increasing evidence that smoking cessation may help to reduce the impact of COVID-19. www.albertaquits.ca/topics/smoking-vaping-covid-19	
Advanced Care Planning		
Advanced care planning	Patients should also be counseled on advanced care planning, including: choosing an agent, communicating their values and documenting these in a Personal Directive. www.ConversationsMatter.ca	

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